

CLAIMS

1. A composite sacrificial anode for immersion in a corrosive environment comprising a plurality of castings
5 of a sacrificial material each disposed around a corresponding electrical connector for attachment to a structure to be protected, a part of the surface of each segment being protected from corrosion by the environment by being adjacent to at least one other segment; wherein
10 the castings are connected electrically together only via their respective electrical connectors.
2. An anode as claimed in claim 1 wherein the castings are joined together by a waterproof mastic or resin.
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3. An anode as claimed in claim 2 wherein the waterproof mastic or resin coats the surface of each casting around its electrical connector.
- 20 4. An anode as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 3 wherein each electrical connector is substantially straight.
- 25 5. An anode as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 4 wherein the mastic or resin completely fills any gaps between the castings.
6. An anode as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 5 wherein the castings are identical.
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7. An anode as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 6 wherein the sacrificial material is magnesium or a magnesium alloy.
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8. An anode as claimed in claim 7 wherein the sacrificial material is an alloy consisting essentially of magnesium and from 0.15 to 1.3% by weight of manganese.

9. An anode as claimed in claim 1 substantially as hereinbefore described.

10. An anode as claimed in claim 1 substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to and as illustrated in the accompanying drawings.

11. A method of producing a composite sacrificial anode for immersion in a corrosive environment and having an electrical connection for attachment to the structure to be protected, which method comprises casting a plurality of segments of a sacrificial material each in contact with a corresponding electrical connector, each connector being at least partly within its corresponding individual segment, and electrically connecting the segments together only via their electrical connectors.

12. A method as claimed in claim 11 wherein a waterproof mastic or resin is arranged to coat the surfaces of the segments around their exposed connectors.

13. A method as claimed in claim 11 or claim 12 wherein each electrical connector is substantially straight.

14. A method as claimed in any one of claims 11 to 13 wherein each segment is identical.

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15. A method as claimed in any one of claims 11 to 14 wherein the sacrificial anode is cylindrical, square, rectangular or segmental, and is composed of between two and six segments.

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16. A method as claimed in any one of claims 11 to 15 wherein each segment is formed by continuous casting.

17. A method as claimed in claim 16 wherein each segment
10 is forcibly cooled.

18. A method as claimed in claim 17 wherein the cooling is effected by water.

19. A method as claimed in claim 18 wherein the casting
15 is effected by direct chill casting.

20. A method as claimed in any one of claims 11 to 19 wherein the sacrificial material is magnesium or a
20 magnesium alloy.

21. A method as claimed in claim 20 wherein the sacrificial material is an alloy consisting essentially of magnesium and from 0.15% to 1.3% by weight of
25 manganese.

22. A method as claimed in claim 11 substantially as hereinbefore described.

23. A sacrificial anode produced by a method as claimed
30 in any one of claims 11 to 22.

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